

⊞—Viacheslav Draghilev's method

⊞—Jean example

$$[a\ b\ c] := [2\ \sqrt{5}\ 5]$$

Minimize

$\Phi := x^2 + y^2 + z^2$

subject to

$$\begin{cases} \varphi := \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} - 1 \\ \Psi := x + y - z \end{cases}$$

"Lagrangian" $L := \Phi + \lambda \cdot \varphi + \mu \cdot \Psi$

$$\begin{cases} f_x := \frac{d}{d x} L \\ f_y := \frac{d}{d y} L \\ f_z := \frac{d}{d z} L \\ f_\lambda := \frac{d}{d \lambda} L \\ f_\mu := \frac{d}{d \mu} L \end{cases} = \begin{cases} \frac{x \cdot (4 + \lambda) + 2 \cdot \mu}{2} \\ \frac{2 \cdot y \cdot (5 + \lambda) + 5 \cdot \mu}{5} \\ \frac{2 \cdot z \cdot (25 + \lambda) - 25 \cdot \mu}{25} \\ \frac{5 \cdot \left(5 \cdot (-4 + x^2) + 4 \cdot y^2 \right) + 4 \cdot z^2}{100} \\ x + y - z \end{cases}$$

$$F(X) := \begin{bmatrix} x := X_1 & y := X_2 & z := X_3 & \lambda := X_4 & \mu := X_5 \\ [f_x & f_y & f_z & f_\lambda & f_\mu]^T \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Xo := \text{roots} \left(F(X), \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \\ X_4 \\ X_5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ -4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1.5738 \\ -1.3771 \\ 0.1967 \\ -4.4118 \\ 0.324 \end{bmatrix}$$

$t_{max} := 4$

$[U\ Roots] := Draghilev(F(X), Xo, 0, t_{max}, 10, 10^{-3})$

$\text{rows}(U) = 11$

$$Roots = [1.5738\ -1.3771\ 0.1967\ -4.4118\ 0.324]$$