

2D Contour Plots

☒ FillContour

☒ Contours

$pGrid(f(x, y), B, N)$

returns a grid $G = [X \ Y \ Z]$ with $N1 \times N2$ values of f in the box B

$pFillContour(G, g)$

plots the filled contour of with the data in G with colors in g

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} x1 & x2 \\ y1 & y2 \end{bmatrix} \quad N = \begin{bmatrix} nx \\ ny \end{bmatrix}$$

$pCmap(n, \alpha)$

creates a Jet colormap of n colors with a transparency

$g := pCmapJet(200, 0.9)$

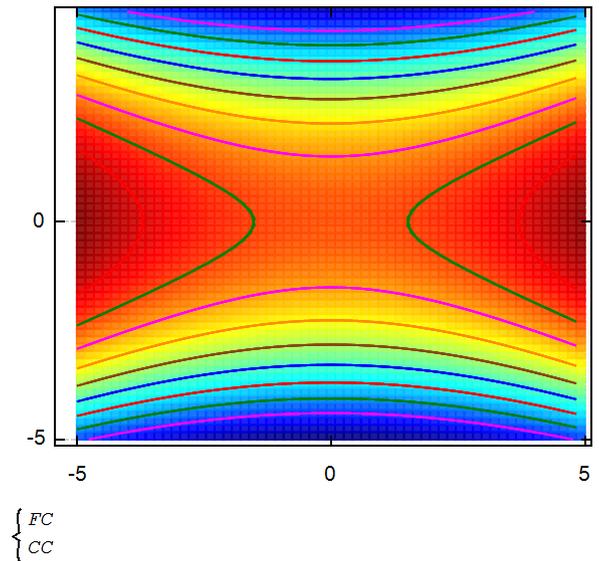
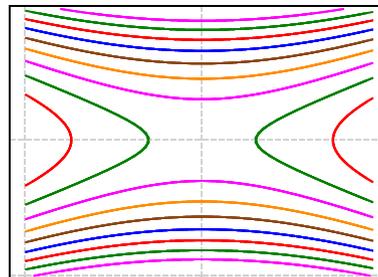
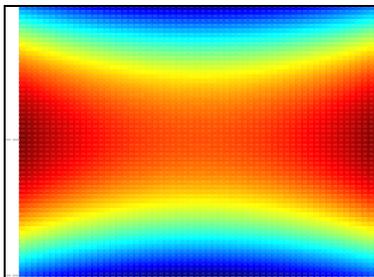
$pContour(G, v)$

plots v conotur levels with the data in G .

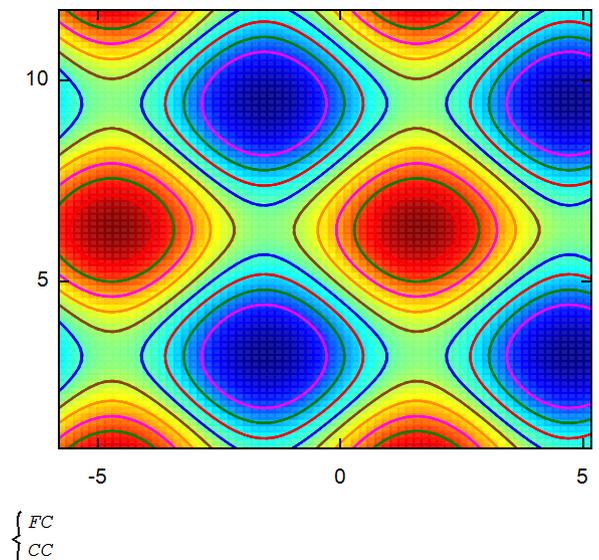
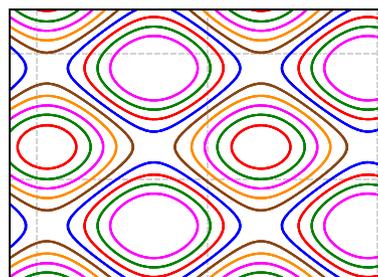
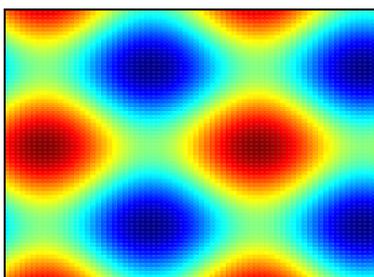
Examples

Select the number of contours: $v := 9$

```
f(x, y) := x^2 - 4 * y^2
B := [-5 5
      -5 5] N := [60
                  60]
G := pGrid(f(x, y), B, N)
FC := pFillContour(G, g)
CC := pContour(G, v)
```



```
f(x, y) := sin(x) + cos(y)
B := [-2 * pi 2 * pi
      0 4 * pi] N := [80
                      80]
G := pGrid(f(x, y), B, N)
FC := pFillContour(G, g)
CC := pContour(G, v)
```

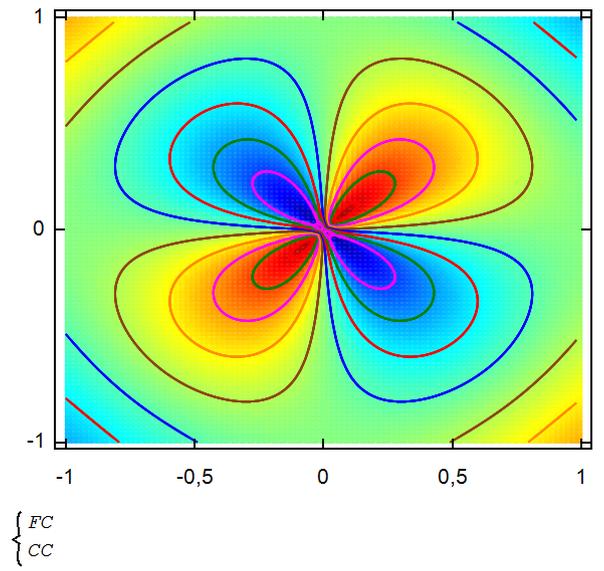
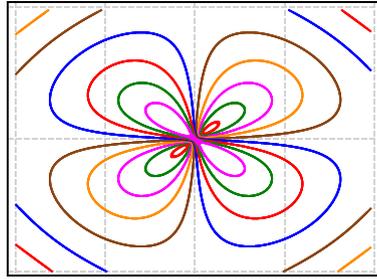
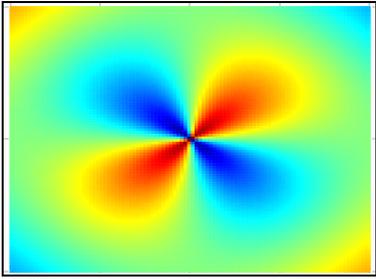


Contour of a polar function $z(\rho, \varphi) = \sin(2\varphi)(1-\rho)$

```

f(x, y) := [ ρ φ ] := [ |x + i·y| atan(y, x) ]
              sin(2·φ)·(1-ρ)
B := [ -1 1 ] N := [ 100 ]
     [ -1 1 ]
G := pGrid(f(x, y), B, N)
FC := pFillContour(G, g)
CC := pContour(G, v)

```



Alvaro