

Code utility

■—Code

■—Sintaxis

Sintaxis Code take the script in the description or in a string and try to convert it into a SMath function

```
test(a,b.) // fn name

x:a+1 // use . for local
y:b.-1 // varialbes

// use do for mask
// multiple lines
do u:1 , v.:2

while cond1
  for k,rng
    r:19
    s:20
    try a
      b
    if cond2 // if(#2)
      t:21
    if cond3 // if(#3)
      if qq // nested if
        t:22
    else
      u:22
    if cond4 // if(#4)
      t:23
    elif cond4'
      u:23
    else
      v.:23

f(u):u*cos(u) // one line fnc

let g(u):
  if u>0 // multiple
  u^2
  else
  3*u-1

m:mat( ... // continue
  x,y, ... // in
  r,s, ... // next line
  2,2)

Code >> p // Another def
if cond
  a.
else
  b

test := test
```

$C := \text{Code}(\text{test}) = \text{line}(\text{test}(a, b_{\cdot}\text{test}_{\cdot})) : \text{line}(x: a+1, y: b_{\cdot}\text{test}_{\cdot}-1,$

$\Rightarrow \text{test}(a, b_{\cdot}\text{test}_{\cdot}) := \begin{cases} x := a + 1 \\ y := b_{\cdot}\text{test}_{\cdot} - 1 \\ \text{do}_{\cdot}\text{test}_{\cdot}(u := 1, v_{\cdot}\text{test}_{\cdot} := 2) \\ \text{while } \text{cond1} \\ \quad \text{for } k \in \text{rng} \\ \quad \quad r := 19 \\ \quad \quad s := 20 \\ \quad \quad \text{try} \\ \quad \quad \quad a \\ \quad \quad \quad \text{on error} \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad b \\ \quad \quad \quad \text{if } \text{cond2} \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad t := 21 \\ \quad \quad \quad \text{if } \text{cond3} \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad \text{if } \text{qq} \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad t := 22 \\ \quad \quad \quad \text{else} \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad u := 22 \\ \quad \quad \quad \text{if } \text{cond4} \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad t := 23 \\ \quad \quad \quad \text{else if } \text{cond4'} \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad u := 23 \\ \quad \quad \quad \text{else} \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad v_{\cdot}\text{test}_{\cdot} := 23 \\ f(u) := u \cdot \cos(u) \\ g(u) := \begin{cases} u^2 & \text{if } u > 0 \\ 3 \cdot u - 1 & \text{else} \end{cases} \\ m := \begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ r & s \end{bmatrix} \\ p := \begin{cases} \text{if } \text{cond} \\ \quad a_{\cdot}p_{\cdot} \\ \text{else} \\ \quad b \end{cases} \end{cases}$

Pasting the string without quotes

Use . (unicode char 2092h) for get "local" variables as the variable name with a subscript with the function name.

```

Code >> IsPrime(n) // basic
sq:=trunc(sqrt(n)) // prime test
for k:2,k≤sq,k:k+1
    if mod(n,k)≡0
        break
    k ≡ (1+sq)*(n≥2)

Code >> IsMersennePrime(p)
do m:2^p-1 , s:4
for k:2,k≤p-1,k:k+1 // Lehmer
    s:=s^2-2
    s:=s-m*trunc(s/m)
s ≡ 0

Code >> IsCircularPrime(p)
do n:=trunc(log10(p)) , m:10^n , q:p
for k:0,k≤n,k:k+1
    if q<p | ¬IsPrime(q)
        break
    else
        q:=10*mod(q,m)+trunc(q/m)
k ≡ n+1

Code >> Mobius(n) // Möbius number
p:0
for k,range(1,n+1)
    if mod(n,k)≡0 & IsPrime(k)
        if mod(n,k^2)≡0
            break
        else
            p:=p+1
(-1)^mod(p,2)*(k≡n+1)

Code >> Catalan(n) // Catalan number
C:=mat(1,1,1) // from 1 to n
for k:1,k≤n,k:k+1
    el(C,k+1):=2*(2*k-1)/(k+1)*el(C,k)
C

Code >> Find(M) // index
k:range(1,length(M)) // where M=1
col(findrows(eval(
    augment(el(M,k),k)),1,1),2)

```

NumTh := NumTh

str2num(Code(NumTh)) = 6

N := [1..50] P := N
Find (IsPrime(N))

N := [1..400] C := N
Find (IsCircularPrime(N))

N := [1..20] M := N
Find (IsMersennePrime(N))

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 7 \\ 11 \\ 13 \\ 17 \\ 19 \\ 23 \\ 29 \\ 31 \\ 37 \\ 41 \\ 43 \\ 47 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 7 \\ 11 \\ 13 \\ 17 \\ 19 \\ 37 \\ 79 \\ 113 \\ 197 \\ 199 \\ 337 \end{bmatrix} \quad M = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 7 \\ 13 \\ 17 \\ 19 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{Catalan}(15) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 14 \\ 42 \\ 132 \\ 429 \\ 1430 \\ 4862 \\ 16796 \\ 58786 \\ 208012 \\ 742900 \\ 2674440 \\ 9694845 \end{bmatrix}$$

μ := matrix(5, 20) N := [1..100] μ_N := Mobius(N)

$$\mu = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

```

Code >> nIsZ(x.,T.)
num2str(eval(normi(stack(x.))< T.))=="1"

Code >> nSort(A.)
for r.,range(1,length(A.))
    q.:el(A.,r.)
    if num2str(IsDefined(q.))=="1"
        el(V.,r.):normi(stack(el(A.,r.)))
    else
        el(V.,r.):10^300
    col(eval(csort( ...
        augment(V.,range(1,length(A.))),1)),2)

Code >> nRREF(M.,T.,P.) // Row reduced echelon form
do A.:M., m.:rows(A.), n.:cols(A.), B.:A.
do kr.:range(1,m.), P.:eval(matrix(0,1))
do r.:1, c.:1
while (r.≤m.)&(c.≤n.)
    p.:el(nSort(el(A.,range(r.,m.),c.),m.-r.+1)+r.-1
    if nIsZ(el(A.,p.,c.),T.)
        kp.:range(p.,m.) // fill with 0
        el(A.,kp.,c.):0 // above the p column
        c.:c.+1
    else
        P.:eval(stack(P.,p.)) // store p
        // x(P) are the bound vars in Ax=b
        // columns P of M are a basis for its range
        for kc.,range(1,n.) // swap rows p & r
            tmp.:el(A.,p.,kc.)
            el(A.,p.,kc.):el(A.,r.,kc.)
            el(A.,r.,kc.):tmp.
        kp.:range(c.,n.) // divide & subtract
        p.:el(A.,r.,c.) // pivot value
        el(A.,r.,k.):el(A.,r.,k.)/p.
        el(B.,kr.,k.):el(A.,kr.,k.)- ...
            if(kr.≠r.,el(A.,kr.,c.)*el(A.,r.,k.),0)
        el(A.,kr.,k.):el(B.,kr.,k.) // update
        do r.:r.+1, c.:c.+1
    A.

Code >> nRank(M.,T.)
A.:nRREF(M.,T.,R.) | length(R.)

Code >> nIsZ(x.) | nIsZ(x.,'ZTOL)
Code >> nRREF(M.) | nRREF(M.,'ZTOL,0)
Code >> nRank(M.) | nRank(M.,'ZTOL)

```

$$\text{str2num}\left(\text{Code}\left(nRREF_{\text{Code}}\right)\right) = 7$$

$$\text{ZTOL} := 10^{-12}$$

$$A := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & x & 6 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 7 & 0 & 9 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad D := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \quad B := [0 \ 2 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0] \quad C := B^T$$

$$nRREF(A) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{3 \cdot x}{28} & -\frac{3}{14} & \frac{1}{7} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{x}{12} & \frac{1}{6} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad nRank(A) = 3$$

$$nRREF(B) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad nRREF(C) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$nRank(B) = 1 \quad nRank(C) = 1$$

$$nRREF(D) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad nRank(D) = 2$$

$$E := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad nRREF(E) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{rank}(E) = 4 \quad \text{Wrong!} \quad nRank(E) = 3$$

$$nRREF_{\text{Code}} := nRREF_{\text{Code}}$$

```

Code >> nBisection(fs.,α.,β.,ε.)
// Bisection method
str2num(strrep( ...
    "f.(x.):@.(x.)","@",num2str(fs.)))
do a.:α., b.:β., εo.:UoM(b.-a.)*ε.
if (sa.:sign(f.(a.)))≡0
    a.
elseif (sb.:sign(f.(b.)))≡0
    b.
elseif sa.*sb.>0
    error("nBisection_Wrong_interval.")
else
    for iter., range(1, ...
        1+trunc(log(abs((b.-a.)/εo.),2)))
        do c.:{a.+b.}/2 , sc.:sign(f.(c.))
        if sc.=0
            break
        elseif sa.*sc.>0
            do a.:c. , sa.:sc.
        else
            do b.:c. , sb.:sc.
        c.

Code >> nNR.1(fs.,x.,εox.,εoy.,ho.,MI.)
str2num(strrep( ...
    "f.(x.):@.(x.)","@",num2str(fs.)))
do a.:x. , εx.:εox.*UoM(a.)
do h.:ho.*UoM(a.) , εy.:εoy.*UoM(f.(a.))
for iter.,range(1,MI.)
    y.:f.(a.)
    if abs(y.)>εy.
        b.:eval(a.-(h.*y.)/(f.(a.+h.)-y.))
        if abs(a.-b.)>εx.
            a.:b.
        else
            break
    else
        break
    if(MI.≥iter.,a.,error("nNR.1_MaxIt_Rached"))
nBisectionCode := nBisectionCode

```

```

nRKA(Ds.,xo.,to.,te.,N.,ε.) // Runge-Kutta method
                                // with adaptive step
str2num(strrep( ...
    "D.(t.,x.):@.(t.,x.)","@",num2str(Ds.)))
X.:el(xo.,range(1,length(xo.)))
h.:(te.-to.)/N.
do kt.:range(1,N.+1) , To.:eval(to.+h.*kt.-1)
for t.:to.+h.,t.≤te.,t.:t.+h.
    X.:col(X.,cols(X.))
    k1.:h./3*D.(t.,x.)
    k2.:h./3*D.(t.+h./3,x.+k1.)
    k3.:h./3*D.(t.+h./3,x.+{k1.+k2.}/2)
    k4.:h./3*D.(t.+h./2,x.+{3*k1.+9*k3.}/8)
    k5.:h./3*D.(t.+h.,x.+{3*k1.-9*k3.}/2+6*k4.)
    δ.:k1.-9/2*k3.+4*k4.-1/2*k5.
    if normi(δ.)≤5*ε.
        X.:augment(X.,x.+1/2*(k1.+4*k4.+k5.))
        el(T.,cols(X.)):t.
        h.:2*h.
    else
        t.:t.-h.
        h.:h./2
    X.:eval(transpose(X.))
    for k.,range(1,cols(X.))
        el(RK.,kt.,k.):cinterp(T.,col(X.,k.),el(To.,kt.))
    eval(augment(To.,RK.))
nRKACode := nRKACode

```

$$\text{str2num}\left(\text{Code}\left(n\text{Bisection}_{\text{Code}}\right)\right)=2$$

$$\text{TOL}:=10^{-7} \quad h:=10^{-5}$$

$$f(x):=x^2-2 \quad n\text{Bisection}(f, 0, 2, \text{TOL})=1.4142$$

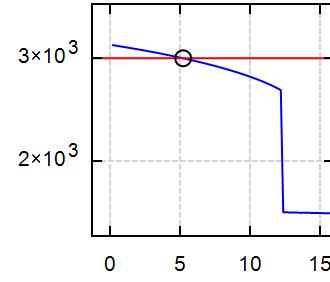
$$n\text{NR}_1(f, 1, \text{TOL}, \text{ZTOL}, h, 50)=1.4142$$

$$h(p):=\text{CoolProp_Props}(\text{"H"}, \text{"P"}, p, \text{"T"}, 600 \text{ K}, \text{"H2O"})$$

$$h_0:=3000 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$p_0:=n\text{Bisection}\left(\left|\begin{array}{l} \varphi(p):=h_0-h(p), 1 \text{ MPa}, 9 \text{ MPa}, \text{TOL} \\ \varphi \end{array}\right.\right)$$

$$p_0=5.1974 \text{ MPa}$$



$$p_0:=n\text{NR}_1\left(\left|\begin{array}{l} \varphi(p):=h_0-h(p), 4 \text{ MPa}, \text{TOL}, \text{ZTOL}, h, 50 \\ \varphi \end{array}\right.\right)$$

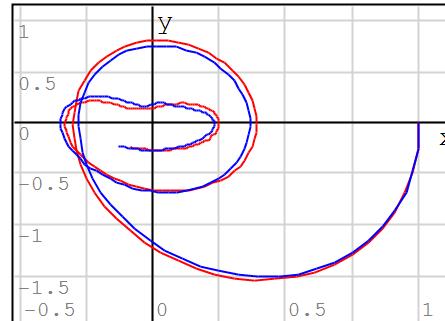
$$p_0=5.1974 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{str2num}\left(\text{Code}\left(n\text{RKA}_{\text{Code}}\right)\right)=1 \quad \text{Clear}(D)=1$$

$$D(t, x):=\begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ -\left(5 \cdot x_1 + x_2 - \sin(t)\right) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$RK:=n\text{RKA}\left(D, [1 \ 0], 0, 10, 200, 10^{-5}\right)$$

$$RK':=\text{Rkadapt}\left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, 0, 10, 200, D\right)$$



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{augment}(\text{col}(RK, 2), \text{col}(RK, 3)) \\ \text{augment}(\text{col}(RK', 2), \text{col}(RK', 3)) \end{array} \right.$$

└─new if

```
if2(x)
if x>0
ln(x)
if2 := if2
```

```
if3(x)
if x>0
ln(x)
else
ln(-x)
if3 := if3
```

```
if4(x)
if x>0
ln(x)
elif x<0
ln(-x)
else
-∞
if4 := if4
```

$$\text{str2num}(\text{Code}(\text{description}(if2))) = 1$$

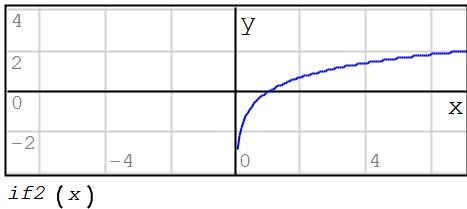
$$\text{str2num}(\text{Code}(\text{description}(if3))) = 1$$

$$\text{str2num}(\text{Code}(\text{description}(if4))) = 1$$

$$if2(3) = 1.0986$$

$$if2(-3) = \text{■}$$

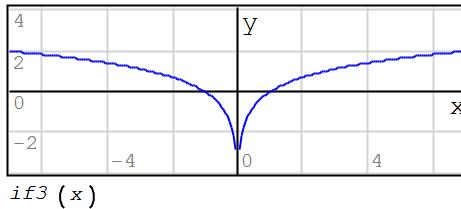
$$if2(0) = \text{■}$$



$$if3(3) = 1.0986$$

$$if3(-3) = 1.0986$$

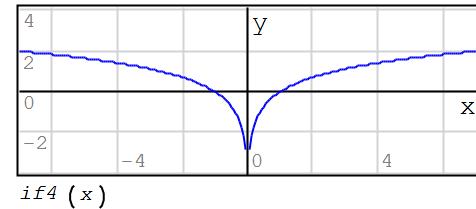
$$if3(0) = \text{■}$$



$$if4(3) = 1.0986$$

$$if4(-3) = 1.0986$$

$$if4(0) = -\infty$$



└─fnc

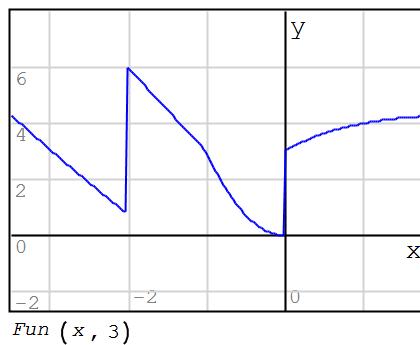
Compound functions inside the main body. Also shows it using ; as argument separator in the script, and using mathcad block.

```
Fun(x;a)
let f(u): // declare f
  if u≥0
    a+x*atan(a;2*x)
  elif u>-2
    a*if(u>-1;u^2;-u)
  else
    -a-x*atan(a;x/2)
f(x)      // call it

```

Fun_{Code}

$$\text{str2num}(\text{Code}(\text{Fun}_{\text{Code}})) = 1$$



SMath code for the script:

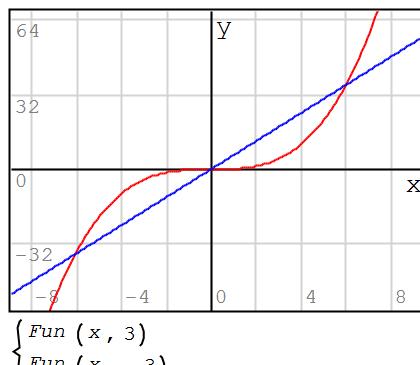
```
Fun(x, a) := | f(u) := | if u ≥ 0
                | a + x . atan(a, 2 . x)
              | elif u > -2
                | a . if u > -1
                | u^2
              | else
                | -a - x . atan(a, x / 2)
| f(x)
```

```
Fun(x;a)
do s:=0 ; p:=1
if a≥0
  let f(u):
    for k;range(1;a)
      s:=s+k*u
    s
  else
    let f(u):
      for k;range(1;-a)
        p:=p*u/k
      p
  f(x)

```

Fun_{Code}

$$\text{str2num}(\text{Code}(\text{Fun}_{\text{Code}})) = 1$$



```
Fun(x, a) := | do _Fun_ (s := 0, p := 1)
                | if a ≥ 0
                  | | f(u) := | for k ∈ [1..a]
                  | | | s := s + k . u
                | | else
                  | | | f(u) := | for k ∈ [1..-a]
                  | | | | p := p · u / k
                | | f(x)
| _Fun_
```